

16. [Order of Operations]

Skill 16.1 Using 'order of operations' mixing only \times and/or \div , or $+$ and/or $-$

MM7 1 2 2 3 3 4 4
MM8 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

- Use the order of operations rules: Multiply (\times) and/or divide (\div) in order from left to right.
Add ($+$) and/or subtract ($-$) in order from left to right.

Q. $21 \div 3 \times 4 =$

A. $21 \div 3 \times 4 =$ *work from left to right*
 $= 7 \times 4$ *divide first*
 $= 28$

a) $9 + 13 - 7 =$ *add first*
 $= 22 - 7 = \boxed{15}$

b) $9 - 5 + 3 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

c) $6 - 3 + 8 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

d) $3 + 6 - 5 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

e) $3 \times 6 \div 9 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

f) $3 \times 3 \times 2 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

g) $16 + 7 - 3 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

h) $32 \div 8 \div 2 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

i) $36 \div 9 \times 5 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

j) $2 \times 9 \div 3 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

k) $2 \times 3 \times 4 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

l) $27 \div 3 \div 3 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

m) $19 - 5 + 2 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

n) $13 - 8 + 6 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

o) $30 \div 6 \times 7 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

p) $4 \times 6 \div 2 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

q) $2 \times 5 \times 7 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

r) $72 \div 12 \times 3 =$
 $= \dots = \boxed{}$

- Use the order of operations rules: First multiply (\times) or divide (\div).
Finally add ($+$) or subtract ($-$).

Q. $3 + 24 \div 4 \times 2 =$

A. $3 + 24 \div 4 \times 2 =$ *work from left to right*
 $= 3 + 6 \times 2$ *divide first*
 $= 3 + 12$
 $= 15$

a) $2 + 3 \times 5 =$ *multiply first*

$= 15 + 2 = \boxed{17}$

b) $6 + 9 \div 3 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

c) $4 \times 3 - 7 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

d) $2 + 7 \times 4 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

e) $14 - 12 \div 2 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

f) $2 \times 5 + 8 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

g) $18 \div 6 - 3 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

h) $9 + 8 \div 4 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

i) $36 - 6 \times 5 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

j) $14 + 21 \div 7 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

k) $5 + 4 \times 9 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

l) $17 - 12 \div 3 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

m) $6 + 15 \div 3 \times 2 =$

$= 6 + 5 \times 2$ *divide first*
 $= 6 + 10 = \boxed{}$

n) $9 \times 5 - 4 \times 6 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

o) $19 + 16 - 4 \times 7 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

p) $21 \div 3 - 15 \div 5 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

q) $28 + 9 - 7 \times 3 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

r) $4 \times 8 - 18 \div 2 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

s) $5 + 48 \div 8 \times 3 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

t) $10 \times 2 - 44 \div 11 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

u) $22 - 3 \times 6 + 9 =$

$= \dots = \boxed{}$

- Use the order of operations rules: First evaluate inside the brackets.
Finally add (+) and/or subtract (-) from left to right.

Q. $14 + (18 - 9) + 7 =$

A. $14 + (18 - 9) + 7 =$ *simplify inside the brackets*
 $= 14 + 9 + 7$ *work from left to right*
 $= 23 + 7$
 $= 30$

a) $16 + 7 - (11 + 9) =$

$= 16 + 7 - 20$

$= 23 - 20$

3

b) $5 + 4 - (3 - 1) =$

$=$

$=$

c) $9 - (3 + 4) + 6 =$

$=$

$=$

d) $6 - (9 - 5) + 6 =$

$=$

$=$

e) $16 - 1 - (2 + 8) =$

$=$

$=$

f) $8 + 15 - (3 + 4) =$

$=$

$=$

g) $12 - (4 + 7) + 6 =$

$=$

$=$

h) $13 - (11 - 4) - 2 =$

$=$

$=$

i) $7 + 6 - (8 - 4) =$

$=$

$=$

j) $14 + 9 - (4 + 7) =$

$=$

$=$

k) $15 - (7 - 2) + 8 =$

$=$

$=$

l) $6 + 9 - (3 + 5) =$

$=$

$=$

m) $4 + (13 - 8) + 6 =$

$=$

$=$

n) $18 - (10 - 4) - 3 =$

$=$

$=$

o) $17 - (6 + 7) + 4 =$

$=$

$=$

p) $19 - (3 + 9) - 7 =$

$=$

$=$

q) $9 + 16 - (8 + 3) =$

$=$

$=$

r) $14 - (16 - 9) + 3 =$

$=$

$=$

- Use the order of operations rules: First evaluate inside the brackets. Then multiply (×) and/or divide (÷) from left to right. Finally add (+) and/or subtract (-) from left to right.

Q. $12 + 4 \times (3 + 9) =$

A. $12 + 4 \times (3 + 9) =$ — *simplify inside the brackets*
 $= 12 + 4 \times 12$ — *then multiply*
 $= 12 + 48$
 $= 60$

a) $4 \times (3 + 7) =$ — *brackets first*
 $= 4 \times 10 =$

b) $3 \times (5 - 2) =$
 $=$ $=$

c) $8 \div (1 + 3) =$
 $=$ $=$

d) $18 \div (6 - 3) =$
 $=$ $=$

e) $(23 - 3) \div 5 =$
 $=$ $=$

f) $(42 - 6) \div 9 =$
 $=$ $=$

g) $(12 - 7) \times 4 =$
 $=$ $=$

h) $6 \times (8 - 3) =$
 $=$ $=$

i) $5 \times (3 + 8) =$
 $=$ $=$

j) $14 \div (2 + 5) =$
 $=$ $=$

k) $28 \div (7 - 3) =$
 $=$ $=$

l) $9 \times (5 + 7) =$
 $=$ $=$

m) $9 \div (1 + 2) \times 4 =$
 $=$ $=$

n) $7 \times 8 - (8 - 2) =$
 $=$ $=$

o) $12 - 8 \div (2 + 2) =$
 $=$ $=$

p) $7 + 32 \div (8 - 4) =$
 $=$ $=$

q) $5 + 4 \times (6 + 2) =$
 $=$ $=$

r) $6 + (11 - 4) \times 3 =$
 $=$ $=$

s) $11 - (19 - 3 \times 5) =$
 $=$ $=$

t) $(6 - 3) \times (9 - 4) =$
 $=$ $=$

u) $(7 + 2 \times 8) - 15 =$
 $=$ $=$

- Use the order of operations rules: First evaluate inside the brackets.
Secondly evaluate the powers.
Then multiply (\times) and/or divide (\div) from left to right.
Finally add (+) and/or subtract (-) from left to right.

Q. $24 - 4^2 \div 8 =$

A. $24 - 4^2 \div 8 =$ *evaluate the power*
 $= 24 - 16 \div 8$ *then divide*
 $= 24 - 2$ *work from left to right*
 $= 22$

a) $8 + 9^2 \times 2 =$

$= 8 + 81 \times 2$
 $= 8 + 162 = 170$

b) $9 - 2^2 \times 2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

c) $7 + 2^2 \times 5 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

d) $3 + (9 - 5)^2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

e) $9 + 5^2 \times 2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

f) $2 \times (15 - 3)^2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

g) $(18 - 10)^2 \div 4 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

h) $(12 - 7)^2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

i) $(8 - 1)^2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

j) $16 - 2^2 + 3 \times 1 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

k) $27 - 18 \div 3^2 - 2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

l) $10^2 - (5 - 2) \times 8 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

m) $(6 - 1 \times 2)^2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

n) $21 \div 3 + (9 - 5)^2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

o) $24 \div 8 + 2^2 - 4 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

p) $2 \times 6 + 4 \times 5^2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

q) $32 - (9 + 7) \div 2^2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

r) $(15 - 9 \div 3)^2 =$

$=$
 $=$ $=$

Skill 16.6 Using 'order of operations' involving negative numbers and mixing powers, (), ×, ÷, + and/or -

MM7 11 22 33 44
MM8 11 22 33 44

- Use the order of operations rules: First evaluate inside the brackets. Secondly evaluate the powers. Then multiply (×) and/or divide (÷) from left to right. Finally add (+) and/or subtract (-) from left to right.

Q. $8 + (-4)^3 \div (-2 - 2) =$ **A.** $8 + (-4)^3 \div (-2 - 2) =$ *evaluate the bracket* $-4 \times -4 \times -4 =$
 $= 8 + (-4)^3 \div -4$ *evaluate the power* $= 16 \times -4$
 $= 8 + (-64) \div -4$ *evaluate the division* $= -64$
 $= 8 + 16$
 $= 24$

a) $-4 - 60 + 3^3 \times 2 =$ **b)** $(-3 - 2) \times (-2) - 4^2 =$ **c)** $3^2 - (8 + 4) \div (-3) =$
 $= -4 - 60 + 27 \times 2$ $=$ $=$
 $= -4 - 60 + 54$ *work from left to right* $=$ $=$
 $= -64 + 54 = \boxed{-10}$ $=$ $=$

d) $(-3 - 2)^2 + 4 \times 1 =$ **e)** $5 \times 2 + (-3 - 4)^2 =$ **f)** $5^2 - (2 + 6) \times (-5) =$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$

g) $(-2 - 8)^2 \times 14 \div 7 =$ **h)** $10 + (-25) \div 5 - 2^3 =$ **i)** $-3 \times 5 - 4^2 \times 2 =$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$

j) $(-1)^3 - 2 \times 4 \div 2 =$ **k)** $1 + (-1)^3 \div (5 - 6) =$ **l)** $15 + 30 \div 6 - 2^3 =$
 $= -1 - 2 \times 4 \div 2$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$

- Use the order of operations rules: First evaluate inside the brackets.
 Secondly evaluate the powers.
 Then multiply (\times) and/or divide (\div) from left to right.
 Finally add ($+$) and/or subtract ($-$) from left to right.

Q. $\sqrt{25} \times 2^3 - 7 =$ **A.** $\sqrt{25} \times 2^3 - 7 =$ evaluate the square root
 $= 5 \times 8 - 7$ evaluate the power
 $= 40 - 7$
 $= 33$

a) $\sqrt{25 + 144} =$ **b)** $\sqrt{16 + 9} =$ **c)** $\sqrt{6^2 + 8^2} =$
 $= \sqrt{169}$ $=$ $=$
 $= \sqrt{13 \times 13} =$ 13 $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$

d) $\sqrt{64} \times 2 + 2^2 =$ **e)** $\sqrt{25} + 16 \div 2^2 =$ **f)** $\sqrt{81} \div 3^2 + 9 =$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$

g) $2^3 \times \sqrt{36} - 20 =$ **h)** $18 - 4^3 \div \sqrt{4} =$ **i)** $\sqrt{25} \times 2^3 - 7 =$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$

j) $50 - 3 \times \sqrt{100} + 2^3 =$ **k)** $3 \times \sqrt{49} + 4 - 2^3 =$ **l)** $13 + 5^2 \div \sqrt{25} =$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$
 $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$