

# 22. [Equations]

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MM7 11 22 33 44  
MM8 1 2 2 3 3 4 4

## Skill 22.1 Finding the missing number in equations involving + and - (1).

EITHER

Use **trial and error**:

- Guess the value of the missing number that will make the equation true (both sides of the equation are equal).
- Substitute this value in the equation.
- Check if the equation is true.
- Write the guessed value as the solution of the equation.

Example:

$$4 + \boxed{?} = 12$$

$$4 + 8 = 12$$

$$12 = 12 \text{ (true)}$$

The equation is true, so **8** is the solution.

OR

Use **inverse operations**:

- Consider the operation used to construct the sum or the difference.
- Get the missing number alone on one side of the equation, by performing the inverse operation to both sides of the equation.
- Evaluate the other side of the equation.

*Hints: Addition and subtraction are inverse operations. Adding 4 and then subtracting 4 leaves a number unchanged.*

Example:  $4 + \boxed{?} = 12$

$$4 + ? - 4 = 12 - 4$$

$$? = 8$$

Q.  $15 - \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 9$

A.  $15 - ? = 9$  OR

$$15 - 6 = 9$$

$$9 = 9 \text{ (true)}$$

$\textcircled{15} - ? = 9$

$$\cancel{15} - \cancel{15} - ? = 9 - 15$$

$$-? = -6$$

$$? = 6$$

If 15 was added to the missing number, then do the inverse operation and subtract 15 from both sides of the equation. Finally, reverse the signs on both sides.

What number subtracted from 15 gives 9?

Guess ? = 6

The solution is 6.

Use trial and error

a)  $16 - \boxed{7} = 9$

$$16 - ? = 9$$

$$? = 7$$

b)  $7 + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 15$

$$7 + ? = 15$$

$$? =$$

c)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} + 24 = 30$

$$? + 24 = 30$$

$$? =$$

d)  $14 - \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 6$

$$? =$$

e)  $13 - \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 3$

$$? =$$

f)  $8 + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 21$

$$? =$$

g)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} + 8 = 20$

$$? =$$

h)  $14 + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 21$

$$? =$$

i)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} - 8 = 13$

$$? =$$

## Skill 22.1 Finding the missing number in equations involving + and - (2).

MM7 11 2 33 44  
MM8 1 22 33 44

Operation: + 18

Use inverse operations

j)  $18 + \boxed{9} = 27$

~~$18 + ? - 18 = 27 - 18$~~

$? = 9$

k)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} + 24 = 30$

~~$? + 24 - 24 = 30 - 24$~~

$? =$

l)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} + 20 = 25$

$? =$

m)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} + 6 = 23$

n)  $4 + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 20$

o)  $16 + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 27$

p)  $15 + \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 29$

q)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} + 16 = 34$

r)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} + 18 = 38$

s)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} - 7 = 18$

t)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} - 18 = 15$

u)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} - 13 = 14$

v)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} - 31 = 4$

w)  $12 - \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 3$

x)  $16 - \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 9$

y)  $24 - \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 9$

z)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} - 8 = 16$

zz)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} - 8 = 12$

**Skill 22.2** Finding the missing number in equations involving  $\times (1)$ .

**EITHER**

Use **trial and error**:

- Guess the value of the missing number that will make the equation true (both sides of the equation are equal).
- Substitute this value in the equation.
- Check if the equation is true.
- Write the guessed value as the solution of the equation.

Example:

$$4 \times \boxed{?} = 12$$

$$4 \times 3 = 12$$

$$12 = 12 \text{ (true)}$$

The equation is true, so **3** is the solution.

**OR**

Use **inverse operations**:

- Consider the operation used to construct the multiplication or the division.
- Get the missing number alone on one side of the equation, by performing the inverse operation to both sides of the equation.
- Evaluate the other side of the equation.

*Hints: Multiplication and division are inverse operations. Multiplying by 4 and then dividing by 4 leaves a number unchanged.*

Example:  $4 \times \boxed{?} = 12$

$$4 \times ? \div 4 = 12 \div 4$$

$$? = 3$$

**Q.**

$$\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 20 = 100$$

**A.**

$$? \times 20 = 100$$

OR  $? \times \boxed{20} = 100$

If 20 was

What number multiplied by 20 gives 100?

$$5 \times 20 = 100$$

$$? \times \cancel{20} \div \cancel{20} = 100 \div 20$$

multiplied

$$100 = 100 \text{ (true)}$$

$$? = 5$$

by the missing

Guess ? = 5

The solution is **5**.

number, then do the inverse operation and divide by 20 both sides of the equation.

Use trial and error

a)  $9 \times \boxed{7} = 63$

$$9 \times ? = 63$$

$$? = 7$$

b)  $10 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 40$

$$10 \times ? = 40$$

$$? =$$

c)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 8 = 64$

$$? =$$

d)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 4 = 24$

$$? =$$

e)  $4 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 20$

$$? =$$

f)  $7 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 56$

$$? =$$

g)  $6 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 12$

$$? =$$

h)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 7 = 42$

$$? =$$

i)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 8 = 72$

$$? =$$

Skill 22.2 Finding the missing number in equations involving  $\times$  (2).MM7 11 22 33 44  
MM8 1 22 33 44Operation:  $\times 6$ 

Use inverse operations

j)  $6 \times \boxed{5} = 30$

$$\cancel{6} \times ? \div \cancel{6} = 30 \div 6$$

$$? = 5$$

k)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 5 = 60$

$$? \times \cancel{5} \div \cancel{5} = 60 \div 5$$

$$? =$$

l)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 12 = 72$

$$? =$$

m)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 5 = 55$

n)  $13 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 39$

o)  $9 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 360$

p)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 14 = -28$

q)  $-8 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = -24$

r)  $-4 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = -28$

s)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 10 = -30$

t)  $-9 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = -81$

u)  $-7 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 63$

v)  $-9 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 18$

w)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 5 = -35$

x)  $-8 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = -88$

y)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times (-3) = -75$

z)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times (-8) = 16$

zz)  $-7 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 49$

**Skill 22.3** Finding the missing number in equations involving fractions (1).

EITHER

Use **trial and error**:

- Guess the value of the missing number that will make the equation true (both sides of the equation are equal).
- Substitute this value in the equation.
- Check if the equation is true.
- Write the guessed value as the solution of the equation.

Hint: “of” means multiplication, so use “×”

Example:

$$\frac{1}{4} \text{ of } \boxed{?} = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{\cancel{4}} \times \overset{3}{\cancel{12}} = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{1} \times 3 = 3 \text{ (true)}$$

The equation is true, so **12** is the solution.

OR

Use **inverse operations**:

- Consider the operation used to construct the division.
- Get the missing number alone on one side of the equation, by performing the inverse operation to both sides of the equation.
- Evaluate the other side of the equation.

Hints: Multiplication and division are inverse operations. Multiplying by  $\frac{1}{4}$  (which is the same as dividing by 4) and then multiplying by 4 leaves a number unchanged.

Example:  $\frac{1}{4} \times \boxed{?} = 3$

$$\frac{1}{\cancel{4}} \times ? \times \cancel{4} = 3 \times 4$$

$$? = 12$$

Q.  $\frac{3}{5}$  of  $\boxed{\phantom{000}} = 21$

A.  $\frac{3}{5}$  of ? = 21

OR  $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$  of ? = 21

What number multiplied by  $\frac{3}{5}$  gives 21?

Guess ? = 30

Guess ? = 35

$$\frac{3}{\cancel{5}} \times \overset{6}{\cancel{30}} = 21$$

$$\frac{3}{1} \times 18 = 21 \text{ (false)}$$

$$\frac{3}{\cancel{5}} \times \overset{7}{\cancel{35}} = 21$$

$$\frac{3}{1} \times 21 = 21 \text{ (true)}$$

The solution is **35**.

$$\frac{3}{5} \times ? = 21$$

$$\frac{3}{\cancel{5}} \times ? \times \cancel{5} = 21 \times 5$$

$$3 \times ? = 105$$

$$3 \times ? \div 3 = 105 \div 3$$

$$? = \mathbf{35}$$

If the missing number has been divided by 5 and then multiplied by 3, then do the inverse operations and multiply by 5 and then divide by 3 both sides of the equation.

Use trial and error

a)  $\frac{1}{6}$  of  $\boxed{48} = 8$

$$\frac{1}{6} \times ? = 8$$

Guess ? = 48

$$\frac{1}{\cancel{6}} \times \overset{8}{\cancel{48}} = 8 \Rightarrow 8 = 8$$

$$? = 48$$

b)  $\frac{1}{2}$  of  $\boxed{\phantom{000}} = 17$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times ? = 17$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 34 = 17 \Rightarrow 17 = 17$$

$$? =$$

c)  $\frac{1}{7}$  of  $\boxed{\phantom{000}} = 9$

$$\frac{1}{7} \times ? = 9$$

$$? =$$

d)  $\frac{1}{5} \times \boxed{\phantom{000}} = 9$

$$? =$$

e)  $\frac{1}{9} \times \boxed{\phantom{000}} = 10$

$$? =$$

f)  $\frac{1}{10} \times \boxed{\phantom{000}} = 5$

$$? =$$

**Skill 22.3** Finding the missing number in equations involving fractions (2).

MM7 11 22 **33** 44  
MM8 11 **22** 33 44

Operation:  $\div 8$

Use inverse operations

**g)**  $\frac{1}{8} \times \boxed{64} = 8$

**h)**  $\frac{1}{4} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 48$

**i)**  $\frac{1}{3} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 60$

Inverse of  $\div 8$  is  $\times 8$   
 $\frac{1}{8} \times ? \times 8 = 8 \times 8$

$? = 64$

$? =$

$? =$

**j)**  $\frac{2}{3}$  of  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} = 10$

**k)**  $\frac{3}{4}$  of  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} = 15$

**l)**  $\frac{2}{5}$  of  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} = 12$

**m)**  $\frac{4}{5} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 20$

**n)**  $\frac{5}{6} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 50$

**o)**  $\frac{2}{7} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 12$

**p)**  $\frac{1}{3} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = -21$

**q)**  $\frac{1}{4} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = -11$

**r)**  $\frac{1}{5} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = -12$

**s)**  $\frac{1}{6} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = -5$

**t)**  $\frac{1}{8} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = -7$

**u)**  $\frac{1}{9} \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = -3$

**Skill 22.4** Finding the missing number in equations involving +, −, × and/or brackets (1).

**EITHER**

Use **trial and error**:

- Guess the value of the missing number that will make the equation true (both sides of the equation are equal).
- Substitute this value in the equation.
- Check if the equation is true.
- Write the guessed value as the solution of the equation.

Example:

$$4 \times \boxed{?} - 13 = 15$$

What number minus 13 gives 15?

$$4 \times ? = 28$$

$$4 \times 7 = 28$$

$$28 = 28 \text{ (true)}$$

The equation is true, so **7** is the solution.

**OR**

Use **inverse operations**:

- Consider the operation used to construct the equation.
- Get the missing number alone on one side of the equation, by performing the inverse operation to both sides of the equation.
- Evaluate the other side of the equation.

*Hints: For simplicity consider the equation inside the brackets, as one number.*

Example:

$$4 \times \boxed{?} - 13 = 15$$

$$4 \times ? - \cancel{13} + \cancel{13} = 15 + 13$$

$$4 \times ? \div 4 = 28 \div 4$$

$$? = 7$$

**Q.**  $4 \times (17 - \boxed{\phantom{00}}) = 20$     **A.**  $4 \times (17 - ?) = 20$     *OR*  $4 \times (17 - ?) \div 4 = 20 \div 4$

If the bracket has been multiplied by 4, then do the inverse operation and divide by 4 both sides of the equation. Then subtract 17 from both sides. Finally reverse the signs.

What number multiplied by 4 gives 20?

Guess ? = 12

$17 - ? = 5$

$17 - 12 = 5$

$5 = 5 \text{ (true)}$

The solution is **12**.

$17 - ? = 5$

$17 - ? - 17 = 5 - 17$

$-? = -12$

$? = 12$

Use trial and error

**a)**  $8 + 4 \times \boxed{10} = 48$

$8 + 4 \times ? = 48$

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$4 \times ? = 40$

---

$? = 10$

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**b)**  $5 + 6 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 47$

$5 + 6 \times ? = 47$

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$6 \times ? = 42$

---

$? =$

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**c)**  $12 + 4 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 44$

---

$? =$

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**d)**  $4 \times (9 - \boxed{\phantom{00}}) = 16$

$4 \times (9 - ?) = 16$

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$9 - ? = 4$

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$? =$

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**e)**  $3 \times (8 - \boxed{\phantom{00}}) = 15$

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$? =$

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**f)**  $7 \times (9 - \boxed{\phantom{00}}) = 21$

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$? =$

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**Skill 22.4** Finding the missing number in equations involving +, -, × and/or brackets (2).

MM7 11 22 33 44  
MM8 11 22 33 44

Operation: + 15

Use inverse operations

g)  $15 + 6 \times \boxed{5} = 45$

h)  $16 + 2 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 40$

i)  $21 + 5 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 61$

Inverse of + 15 is - 15

~~15~~ + 6 × ? - ~~15~~ = 45 - 15  
.....  
 $6 \times ? \div 6 = 30 \div 6$   
.....  
 $? = 5$   
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.....  
 $? =$   
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.....  
 $? =$   
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j)  $8 \times (16 - \boxed{\phantom{00}}) = 24$

k)  $4 \times (13 - \boxed{\phantom{00}}) = 16$

l)  $8 \times (20 - \boxed{\phantom{00}}) = 32$

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m)  $5 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} - 20 = 25$

n)  $6 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} - 36 = 12$

o)  $4 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} - 16 = 12$

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p)  $5 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} + 6 = 51$

q)  $7 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} + 12 = 82$

r)  $\boxed{\phantom{00}} \times 7 + 8 = 50$

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s)  $36 - 6 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 12$

t)  $50 - 7 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 15$

u)  $42 - 10 \times \boxed{\phantom{00}} = 22$

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## Skill 22.5 Finding the missing number in equations involving decimals.

MM7 11 22 33 44  
MM8 11 22 33 44

- Use trial and error or inverse operation to find the missing number. (see skill 22.1, page 181 and skill 22.2, page 183)

**Q.**  $\square + 2.7 = 3.4$       **A.**  $? + 2.7 = 3.4$     *OR*     $? + \cancel{2.7} = 3.4$     If 2.7 was added to the missing number, then do the inverse operation and subtract 2.7 from both sides of the equation.

*What number added to 2.7 gives 3.4?*  
*Guess ? = 0.7*

$0.7 + 2.7 = 3.1$   
 $3.4 = 3.4$  (true)  
The solution is **0.7**

$? + \cancel{2.7} - \cancel{2.7} = 3.4 - 2.7$   
 $? = 0.7$

**a)**  $\square \times 1.6 = 6.4$       *Use trial and error*

*Guess ? = 4*       $? \times 1.6 = 6.4$

$? = 4$

**b)**  $1.4 + \square = 2.6$

$1.4 + ? = 2.6$

$? =$

**c)**  $2.8 + \square = 4.4$

$? =$

**d)**  $3.8 - \square = 3$

$? =$

**e)**  $2.9 - \square = 0.7$

$? =$

**f)**  $\square \times 1.3 = 3.9$

$? =$

*Operation: + 4.2*

*Use inverse operations*

**g)**  $4.2 - \square = 2.7$

$\cancel{4.2} - ? - \cancel{4.2} = 2.7 - 4.2$

$-? = -1.5$

$? = 1.5$

**h)**  $3.5 - \square = 1.2$

**i)**  $2.8 - \square = 0.6$

**j)**  $\square + 2.5 = 4$

**k)**  $3.6 + \square = 5$

**l)**  $\square + 1.2 = 2.1$

**m)**  $1.2 \times \square = 7.2$

**n)**  $1.7 \times \square = 3.4$

**o)**  $1.4 \times \square = 7$

**Skill 22.6** Solving one-step equations by using the inverse operations of + and - (1).

MM7 11 22 33 44  
MM8 11 22 33 44

- Consider the operation used to construct the sum or the difference involving the variable.
  - Get the variable alone on one side of the equation, by performing the inverse operation to both sides of the equation.
  - Evaluate the other side of the equation.
- Hint: Remember that you must do the same operation to both sides of the equation.*

Operation	Inverse Operation	Operation	Inverse Operation
+	-	-	+
$x + 3 = 6$ $x + 3 - 3 = 6 - 3$ $x = 3$		$x - 3 = 6$ $x - 3 + 3 = 6 + 3$ $x = 9$	

**Q.** Solve for  $p$ :  $17 - p = 13$     **A.**  $+17 - p = 13$     *Operation: +17*

*Simplify:  $17 - 17 = 0$*      $-p - 17 = 13 - 17$     *Inverse of +17 is -17*

$-p = -4$     *Reverse sign both sides*

$p = 4$

*Operation: +6*

**a)** Solve for  $t$ :  $t + 6 = 15$     **b)** Solve for  $y$ :  $y + 5 = 12$     **c)** Solve for  $r$ :  $3 + r = 11$

*Inverse of +6 is -6*

$t + 6 - 6 = 15 - 6$      $y + 5 - 5 = 12 - 5$

$t = 9$      $y =$      $r =$

**d)** Solve for  $a$ :  $a + 10 = 30$     **e)** Solve for  $x$ :  $8 + x = 17$     **f)** Solve for  $m$ :  $5 + m = 12$

$a =$      $x =$      $m =$

**g)** Solve for  $e$ :  $e + 9 = 12$     **h)** Solve for  $g$ :  $g + 7 = 11$     **i)** Solve for  $s$ :  $13 + s = 22$

$e =$      $g =$      $s =$

**j)** Solve for  $t$ :  $t - 3 = 6$     **k)** Solve for  $y$ :  $y - 4 = 9$     **l)** Solve for  $z$ :  $z - 5 = 2$

$t =$      $y =$      $z =$

**Skill 22.6** Solving one-step equations by using the inverse operations of + and - (2).

- m)** Solve for  $x$ :  $x - 12 = 20$     **n)** Solve for  $b$ :  $b - 15 = 8$     **o)** Solve for  $s$ :  $s - 13 = 27$

$$x =$$

$$b =$$

$$s =$$

- p)** Solve for  $a$ :  $14 - a = 6$     **q)** Solve for  $z$ :  $24 - z = 10$     **r)** Solve for  $s$ :  $18 - s = 7$

$$14 - a - 14 = 6 - 14$$

$$-a = -8$$

$$a = 8$$

$$z =$$

$$s =$$

- s)** Solve for  $j$ :  $10 - j = 2$     **t)** Solve for  $c$ :  $22 - c = 7$     **u)** Solve for  $e$ :  $16 - e = 9$

$$j =$$

$$c =$$

$$e =$$

- v)** Solve for  $d$ :  $-3 + d = 9$     **w)** Solve for  $v$ :  $-6 + v = 12$     **x)** Solve for  $n$ :  $-8 + n = 7$

$$d =$$

$$v =$$

$$n =$$

- y)** Solve for  $h$ :  $-9 + h = 12$     **z)** Solve for  $k$ :  $-7 + k = 25$     **zz)** Solve for  $m$ :  
 $-5 + m = 16$

$$h =$$

$$k =$$

$$m =$$

**Skill 22.7** Solving one-step equations by using the inverse operations of  $\times$  and  $\div$  (1).

MM7 11 22 33 44  
MM8 11 22 33 44

- Consider the operation used to construct the expression involving the variable.
- Get the variable alone on one side of the equation, by performing the inverse operation on both sides of the equation.
- Evaluate the other side of the equation.  
*Hint: Remember that you must do the same operation to both sides of the equation.*

Operation	Inverse Operation	Operation	Inverse Operation
$\times$	$\div$	$\div$	$\times$
$3x = 6$		$\frac{x}{3} = 6$	
$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{6}{3}$		$\frac{x}{3} \times 3 = 6 \times 3$	
$x = 2$		$x = 18$	

**Q.** Solve for  $x$ :  $\frac{x}{8} = 6$       **A.**  $\frac{x}{8} = 6$       *Operation:  $\div 8$*

*Simplify:  $8 \div 8 = 1$*        $\frac{x}{\cancel{8}} \times \frac{1}{\cancel{8}} = 6 \times 8$       *Inverse of  $\div 8$  is  $\times 8$*

$x = 48$

- Operation:  $\times 5$*
- a)** Solve for  $a$ :  $5 \times a = 45$       **b)** Solve for  $m$ :  $4 \times m = 40$       **c)** Solve for  $c$ :  $6 \times c = 72$

*Inverse of  $\times 5$  is  $\div 5$*        $\frac{5a}{\cancel{5}} = \frac{45}{\cancel{5}}$       *Simplify:  $\div 5$*

$a = 9$

$m =$

$c =$

- d)** Solve for  $h$ :  $7 \times h = 77$       **e)** Solve for  $n$ :  $9 \times n = 81$       **f)** Solve for  $p$ :  $8 \times p = 64$

$h =$

$n =$

$p =$

- g)** Solve for  $b$ :  $8b = 24$       **h)** Solve for  $z$ :  $7z = 28$       **i)** Solve for  $l$ :  $9l = 54$

$b =$

$z =$

$l =$

- j)** Solve for  $r$ :  $10r = 120$       **k)** Solve for  $y$ :  $5y = 75$       **l)** Solve for  $u$ :  $4u = 36$

$r =$

$y =$

$u =$

**Skill 22.7** Solving one-step equations by using the inverse operations of  $\times$  and  $\div$  (2).

- m)** Solve for  $g$ :  $15g = -30$     **n)** Solve for  $a$ :  $20a = -100$     **o)** Solve for  $s$ :  $3s = -21$

$$15 \times g \div 15 = -30 \div 15$$

$$g = -2$$

$$a =$$

$$s =$$

- p)** Solve for  $m$ :  $5m = 60$     **q)** Solve for  $n$ :  $14n = -28$     **r)** Solve for  $g$ :  $7g = 49$

$$m =$$

$$n =$$

$$g =$$

- s)** Solve for  $d$ :  $10d = -80$     **t)** Solve for  $p$ :  $12p = -36$     **u)** Solve for  $h$ :  $9h = -90$

$$d =$$

$$p =$$

$$h =$$

Operation:  $\div 4$

- v)** Solve for  $x$ :  $\frac{x}{4} = 9$     **w)** Solve for  $c$ :  $\frac{c}{5} = 6$     **x)** Solve for  $q$ :  $\frac{q}{3} = 8$

Inverse of  $\div 4$  is  $\times 4$   $\frac{x}{4} \times 4 = 9 \times 4$

$$x =$$

$$c =$$

$$q =$$

- y)** Solve for  $n$ :  $\frac{n}{7} = 3$     **z)** Solve for  $r$ :  $\frac{r}{8} = 12$     **A)** Solve for  $j$ :  $\frac{j}{4} = 15$

$$n =$$

$$r =$$

$$j =$$

- B)** Solve for  $b$ :  $\frac{b}{6} = 12$     **C)** Solve for  $e$ :  $\frac{e}{9} = 10$     **D)** Solve for  $k$ :  $\frac{k}{2} = 35$

$$b =$$

$$e =$$

$$k =$$



**Skill 22.8** Solving two-step equations by using the inverse operations of  $+$ ,  $-$ ,  $\times$  and  $\div$  (2).

 MM7 11 22 33 44  
 MM8 11 22 33 44

- j)** Solve for  $i$ :  $6i - 9 = -21$     **k)** Solve for  $q$ :  $5q - 7 = -32$     **l)** Solve for  $s$ :  $8s - 20 = -4$

 .....  
 .....

$$i =$$

 .....  
 .....

$$q =$$

 .....  
 .....

$$s =$$

- m)** Solve for  $i$ :  $4i + 12 = -20$     **n)** Solve for  $j$ :  $3j + 5 = -10$     **o)** Solve for  $l$ :  $10l + 4 = -26$

 .....  
 .....

$$i =$$

 .....  
 .....

$$j =$$

 .....  
 .....

$$l =$$

- p)** Solve for  $x$ :  $9x + 10 = 1$     **q)** Solve for  $z$ :  $4z + 19 = 3$     **r)** Solve for  $c$ :  $6c + 17 = 5$

 .....  
 .....

$$x =$$

 .....  
 .....

$$z =$$

 .....  
 .....

$$c =$$

- s)** Solve for  $g$ :  $7g + 8 = 1$     **t)** Solve for  $m$ :  $9m + 40 = 4$     **u)** Solve for  $p$ :  $2p + 18 = 6$

 .....  
 .....

$$g =$$

 .....  
 .....

$$m =$$

 .....  
 .....

$$p =$$